BIOTECHNOLOGY PAPER 1 (THEORY)

(Maximum Marks: 70)

(Time allowed: Three hours)

(Candidates are allowed additional 15 minutes for **only** reading the paper. They must NOT start writing during this time.)

Answer Question 1 (compulsory) from Part I and five questions from Part II. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets []. PART I (20 Marks) Answer all questions. **Question 1** (a) Mention *any one* significant difference between each of the following: [5] (i) Anticodon and codon Intrinsic fluorescence and extrinsic fluorescence (ii) (iii) Introns and Exons Genomic DNA library and cDNA library (iv) RAM and ROM (v) (b) Answer the following questions: [5] Which amino acid is optically inactive and why? (i) (ii) What is meant by *exponential phase?* (iii) What are *designer oils?* (iv) What is *palindromic sequence?* Which substance is used in diploidization of haploid plants? Write the full form of each of the following: (c) [5] **NBRI** (i) (ii) **NBTB** (iii) BLAST (iv) PIR (v) YAC

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This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

(d)	Explain briefly the following terms:			
	(i)	Callus		
	(ii)	SNPs		
	(iii)	Lyophilisation		
	(iv)	Gene cloning		
	(v)	Cybrids		
		PART II (50 Marks)		
		Answer any five questions.		
Ques	stion 2			
(a)	With	reference to composition of culture medium, answer the following:	[4]	
	(i)	Cytokinins		
	(ii)	Auxins		
(b)	Explain the induced fit hypothesis of enzyme action with the help of suitable illustrations.			
(c)	Writ	e a note on quaternary structure of proteins.	[2]	
Ques	stion 3			
(a)	Expl	ain the important postulates of central dogma.	[4]	
(b)	Name and explain the method used to sterilize the following:			
	(i)	Vitamins		
	(ii)	Forceps and Scalpels		
	(iii)	Nutrient Media		
	(iv)	Explant		
(c)	Wha	t is the Chargaff's rule of equivalence?	[2]	
Ques	stion 4			
(a)	Differentiate between <i>oils</i> and <i>fats</i> . Discuss hydrolysis, rancidity and hardening shown by lipids.		[4]	
(b)	Using tissue culture method one can produce disease free plants. Discuss the method used to produce virus free plants.			
(c)	Writ	e the main objectives of HGP.	[2]	

Question 5

(a)	Discuss the mechanism of lac operon model of regulation of gene expression.			
(b)	Give four points of difference between southern blotting technique and northern blotting technique.			
(c)	Give four characteristics of genetic code.			
Que	stion 6			
(a)	With reference to vectorless methods of gene transfer explain each of the following:		[4]	
	(i)	Liposome mediated gene transfer		
	(ii)	Electroporation		
	(iii)	Transfection		
	(iv)	Transformation		
(b)	Wit	With reference to application of tissue culture techniques, explain the following:		
	(i)	Haploid production		
	(ii)	Triploid production		
(c)	Wha	at is meant by DNA probe?	[2]	
Que	estion 7			
(a)	Explain how biotechnology helps in developing following traits in crops:			
	(i)	Biodegradable plastic		
	(ii)	Pest resistance		
	(iii)	Drought resistance		
	(iv)	Salinity resistance		
(b)	Write the principle and applications of the following techniques:			
	(i)	Hydrophobic interaction		
	(ii)	Colorimetry		
(c)	What are start and stop codons?		[2]	

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Question 8

(a)	List any four responsibilities carried out by NCBI.		
(b)	Give a comparative account of cell differentiation, dedifferentiation, redifferentiation and vascular differentiation.		
(c)	What is the difference between dNTP and ddNTP?	[2]	
Que	estion 9		
(a)	Proteins have many important functions in an organism. Justify the statement giving its various roles with an example of each.		
(b)	With reference to screening strategies, explain the following:		
	(i) Insertional Inactivation method		
	(ii) Blue – White method		
(c)	How was insulin obtained before the advent of rDNA technology?		