ZZ

This Test Booklet contains 20 pages.

No.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

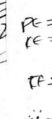
Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ballpoint pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total score. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away Test Booklet only with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Test Booklet is **ZZ**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidate should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals): ARHIVASHA RHATT
Roll Number (in Figures): 8720068
(in Words): Fight corre seventy two taken sinty eight
Centre of Examination (in Capitals): KENDRIVA VIDYALAYA, HATHIRARKALA, PETERDUN
Centre of Examination (in Capitals): KENDRIVA VIDVALAYA, HATHIRAR RALA, ICHEADUN Candidate's Signature: Distribution (in Capitals): KENDRIVA VIDVALAYA, HATHIRAR RALA, ICHEADUN Candidate's Signature:
Facsimile Signature Stamp of Centre Superintendent:

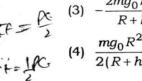
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	A		

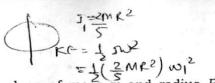












1. A (solid) sphere of mass m and radius R is rotating about its diameter. A solid cylinder of the same mass and same radius is also rotating about its geometrical axis with an angular speed twice that of the sphere. The ratio of their kinetic energies of rotation

A light rod of length l has two masses m_1 and m2 attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is

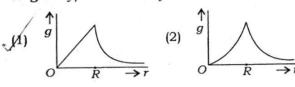
(1)
$$\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1 m_2} l^2$$
 (2) $(m_1 + m_2) l^2$

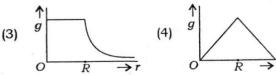
(2)
$$(m_1 + m_2)l^2$$

(3)
$$\sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$$

(3)
$$\sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$$
 (4) $\frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} l^2$

3. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R, the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by





A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of g_0 , the value of acceleration due to gravity at the earth's surface, is The ketter

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{h}} - \frac{mg_0 R^2}{2(R+h)} \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{Re}} = -\frac{\gamma M_{cM}}{Re}$$

5. A rectangular film of liquid is extended from (4 cm × 2 cm) to (5 cm × 4 cm). If the work done is 3×10^{-4} J, the value of the surface tension of the liquid is

(1)
$$0.125 \text{ N m}^{-1}$$
 (2) 0.2 N m^{-1}

6. Three liquids of densities ρ_1 , ρ_2 and ρ_3 (with $\rho_1 > \rho_2 > \rho_3$), having the same value of surface tension T, rise to the same height in three identical capillaries. The angles of

contact
$$\theta_1$$
, θ_2 and θ_3 obey has two so (1) $0 \le \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \frac{\pi}{2}$

passing passing
$$J = M_2(L)^2 + (2) \frac{\pi}{2} < \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \pi$$

$$2\pi$$

(3)
$$\pi > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 > \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$(4) \frac{\pi}{2} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \ge 0 \quad \text{COSOF} > \text{COSOF}$$

$$(9) \times 0 \ge 0$$

7. Two identical bodies are made of a materia for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100 °C, while the other one is at 0 °C. If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no heat loss, the final common temperature is

- (2) less than 50 °C but greater than 0 °C
- (3) 0 °C
- (4) 50 °C

8. A body cools from a temperature 3T to 2in 10 minutes. The room temperature is 7 Assume that Newton's law of cooling i applicable. The temperature of the body a the end of next 10 minutes will be

the end of next 10 minutes will be
$$\frac{3}{2}T_{\text{PV}}N = (\alpha V)^{\frac{1}{2}}(2) \frac{4}{3}T = CV + \frac{R}{1-R}$$

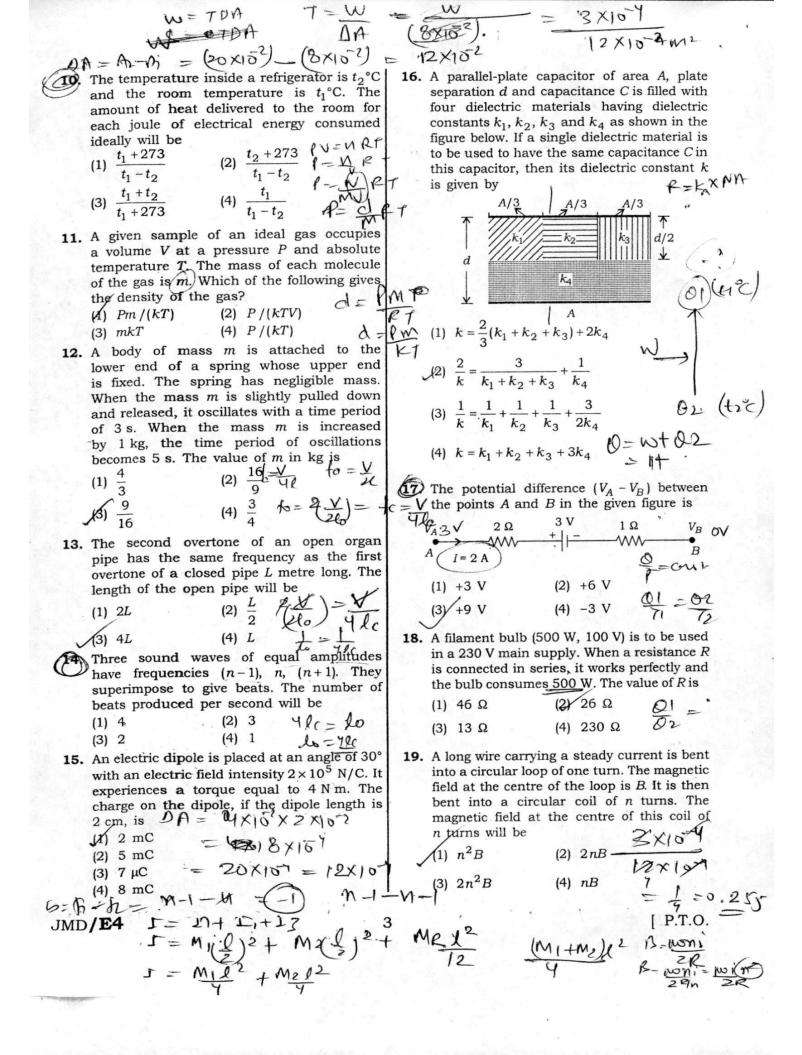
$$\frac{3}{2}T_{\text{PV}}N = (\alpha V)^{\frac{1}{2}}(2) \frac{4}{3}T = \frac{3}{2}R + \frac{4}{1-R}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}T_{\text{PV}}N = (\alpha V)^{\frac{1}{2}}(2) \frac{4}{3}T = \frac{3}{2}R + \frac{4}{1-R}$$

The earth's surface, is $1 \leftarrow k \leftarrow 1/\ell$ $1 \leftarrow \frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$ $1 \leftarrow \frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$ $1 \leftarrow \ell \leftarrow 1/\ell$ $1 \leftarrow \ell \leftarrow 1/\ell$ $1 \leftarrow 1/\ell$

(1)
$$\frac{5}{2}R \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{2}{2}(2) 2R \qquad 9 = \frac{GM}{R}$$





$$W = PH(COSO - COSGO)$$

20. A bar magnet is hung by a thin cotton thread in a uniform horizontal magnetic field and is in equilibrium state. The energy required to rotate it by 60° is W. Now the torque required to keep the magnet in this new position is

(1) √3W

$$(2) \frac{\sqrt{3}W}{2} .$$

$$(4) \ \frac{W}{\sqrt{3}}$$

21. An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of 3.57×10^{-2} T. If the value of e/m is 1.76×10^{11} C/kg, the frequency of revolution of the electron is

(1) 100 MHz

(2) 62·8 MHz

(3) 6·28 MHz

(4) 1 GHz

22. Which of the following combinations should be selected for better tuning of an L-C-R circuit used for communication?

(1) $R = 25 \Omega$, L = 2.5 H, $C = 45 \mu F$

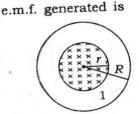
(2) $R = 15 \Omega$, L = 3.5 H, $C = 30 \mu F$

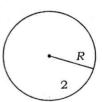
(3) $R = 25 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 45 \mu F$

(4) $R = 20 \Omega$, L = 1.5 H, $C = 35 \mu F$

23. A uniform magnetic field is restricted within a region of radius r. The magnetic field changes with time at a rate $\frac{dB}{dt}$. Loop 1 of radius R > r encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the







 $f = (C + R) - \frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \pi r^2$ in loop 1 and

 $f = 1.76\%10^{11} \times 3.5\%$ $\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2 \text{ in loop } 2$

(2) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi R^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

(3) $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$ in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

24. The potential differences acros resistance, capacitance and inductance are 80 V, 40 V and 100 V respectively in an L-C-R circuit. The power factor of this circuit is

(1) 0.5

(3) 1.0

A 100 Ω resistance and a capacitor of 100 Ω reactance are connected in series across a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement VI=IRRBB current is

(1) 11 A

(2) 4.4 A - 2×10 ×1×15

(3) $11\sqrt{2}$ A

(4) 2·2 A

= 2x10 V Two identical glass ($\mu_g = 3/2$) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is

filled with water ($\mu_w = 4/3$). The focal length ニングに大い of the combination is

(1) f

(2) 4f/3

(3) 3f/4

(4) f/3

27. An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is

(1) 10

(2) 12

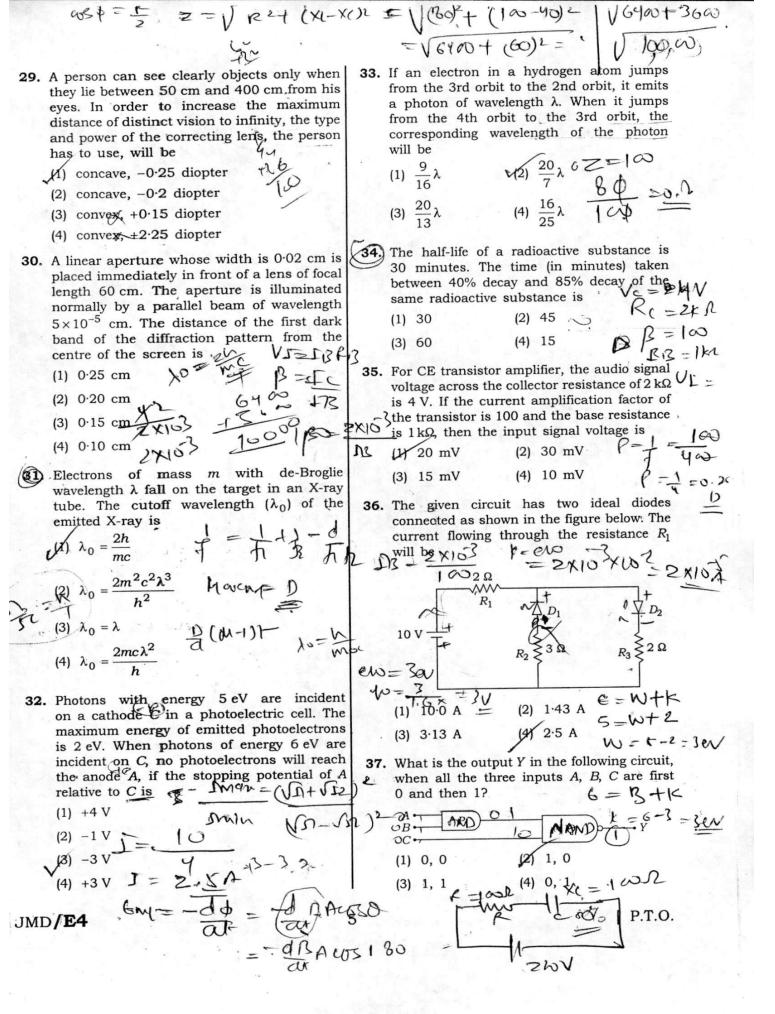
(3) 16

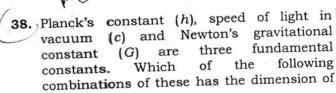
28. The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n. In the interference pattern, the ratio

will be $\sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}} \qquad \frac{3}{3} \stackrel{?}{\sim} \frac$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$ 96.8×107

(3) $\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$ 968×10 42

loop 1 and zero in loop 2 (4) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$ 39 (2) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{$





length? \sqrt{hG}

(2)
$$\sqrt{\frac{hc}{G}} \neq M$$

$$\frac{GC}{\sqrt{3/2}}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{hG}}{c^{3/2}}$$

Two cars P and Q start from a point at the same time in a straight line and their positions are represented by $x_P(t) = at + bt^2$ and $x_Q(t) = ft - t^2$. At what time do the cars have the same velocity?

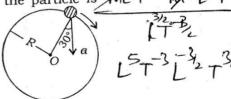
(1)
$$\frac{a+f}{2(b-1)}$$

$$(2) \frac{a+f}{2(1+b)}$$

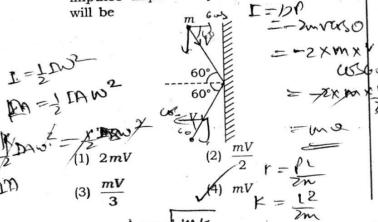
$$\frac{f-a}{2(1+b)}$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{a-f}{1+b}$$

3. In the given figure, $a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$ represents the total acceleration of a particle moving in the clockwise direction in a circle of radius R = 2.5 m at a given instant of time. The speed of the particle is ML^2T^{-1}



- (1) 5·0 m/s
- (2) 5·7 m/s
- (3) 6·2 m/s
- (4) 4·5 m/s
- 41. A rigid ball of mass m strikes a rigid wall at 60° and gets reflected without loss of speed as shown in the figure below. The value of impulse imparted by the wall on the ball will be



(1)
$$80 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
(2) 120 m s^{-1}
(3) 160 m s^{-1}

(4) 100 m s^{-1}

Band A after the collision respectively will be

(2) 0.5 m/s and -0.3 m/s(2) -0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s(2) -0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s(3) 0.5 m/s

(3) 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s
(4) -0.5 m/s and 0.3 m/s(1)

44. A particle moves from a point $(-2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j})$ to $(4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ when a force of $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})$ N is applied. How much work has been done by the force?

the force?
$$\vec{r} = \vec{q} + \vec{r} + \vec{r} = \vec{q} + \vec{r} + \vec{r} = \vec{r} + \vec{r} = \vec{r$$

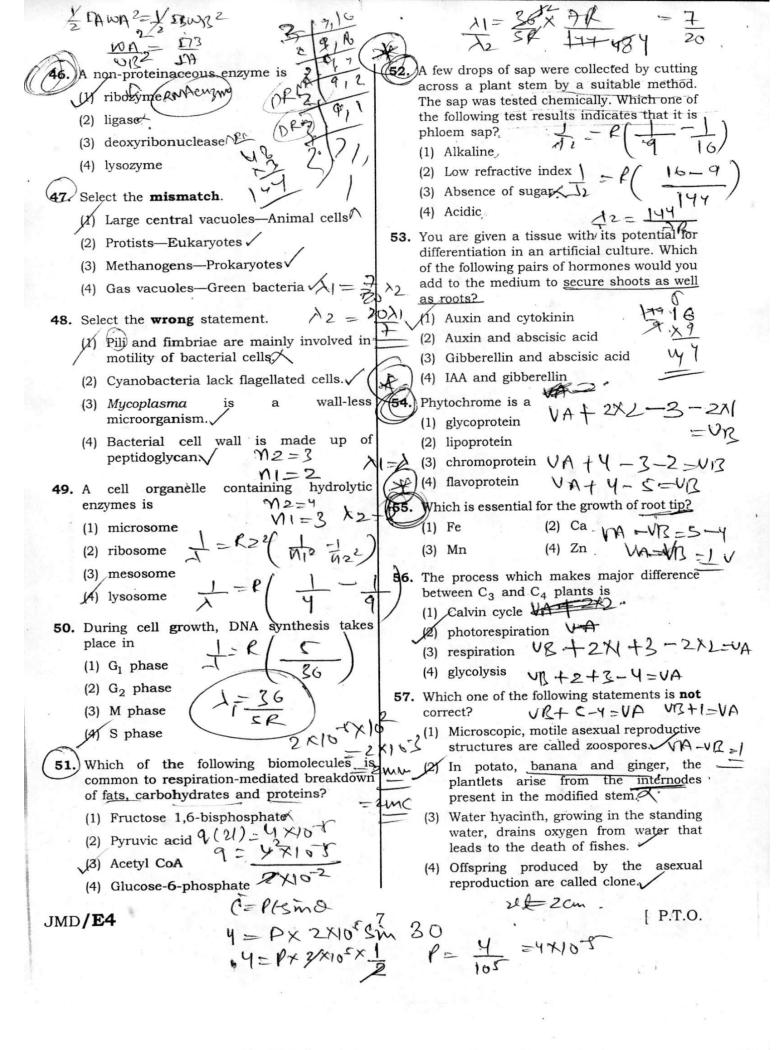
- (3) 2 J
- (4) 8 W = -27-17-13-12 1A
- 45. Two rotating bodies A and B of masses m and 2m with moments of inertia I_A and $I_B(I_B > I_A)$ have equal kinetic energy of rotation. If L_A and L_B be their angular momenta respectively, then

$$(1) L_A = 2L_B$$

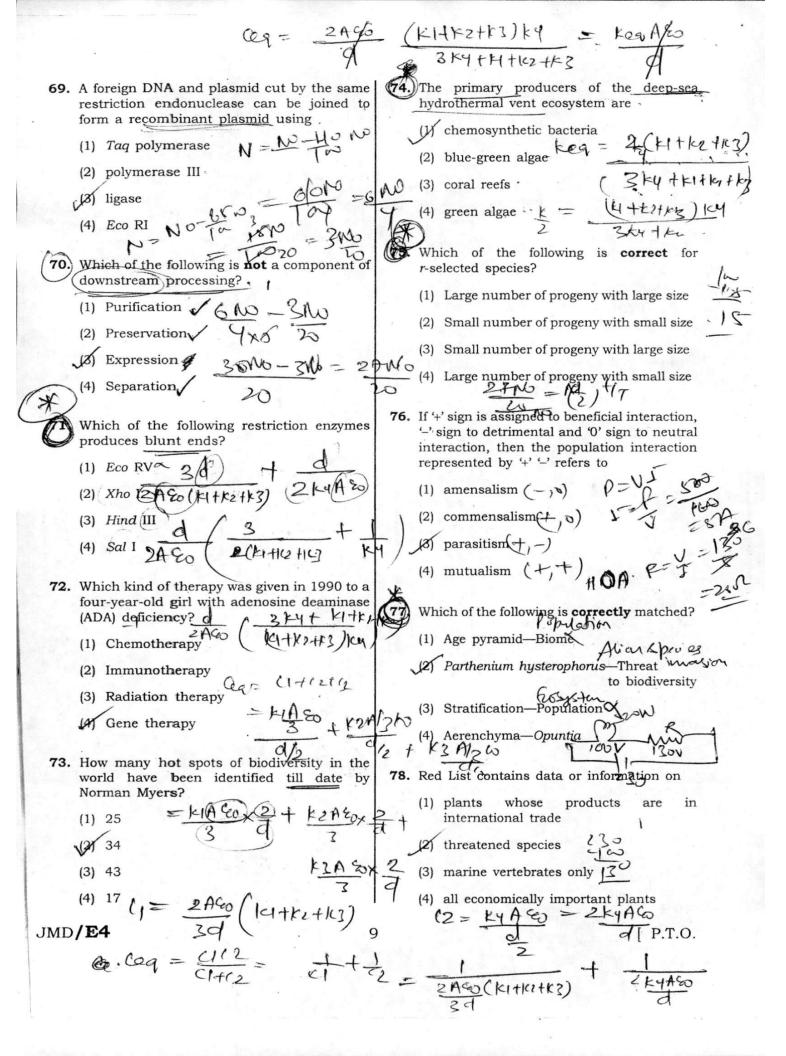
(3)
$$L_A > L_B$$

$$(4) L_A = \frac{L_B}{2}$$

JMD/E4 L= JMK = 12
$$V = (47+37)$$
, (-27-17+3), $V = (47+37)$, (-27-17+3), $V = (47+37)$, $V = (4$



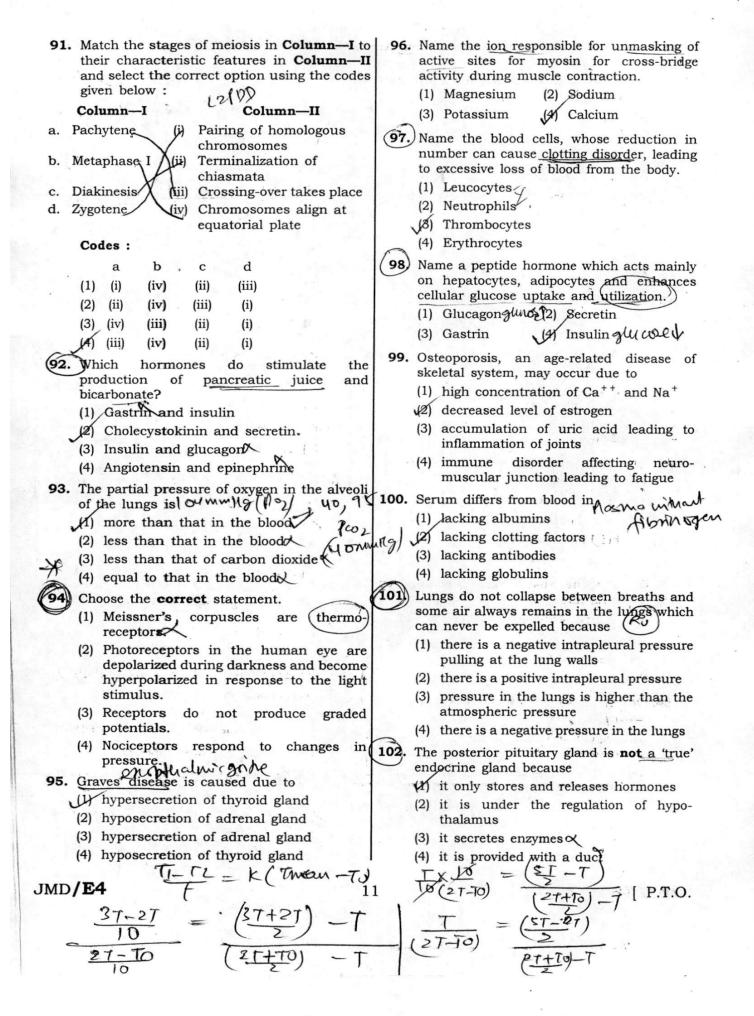
58. Which one of the following generates new	
genetic combinations leading to variation?	(63.) Taylor conducted the experiments to provide semiconservative
(1) Parthenogenesis	mode of observe
	replication on replication on
(2) Sexual reproduction	(X) Vicia faba
(3) Nucellar polyembryony	
(4) Vegetative reproduction	(2) Drosophila melanogaster
59. Match Column-I with Column	(3) E. coli (4) Vinca rosea
the collect option mains the	1 (19)
S Solow .	The mechanism that causes a govern
Column—II	from one linkage group to another is called
a. Pistils fused together (i) Gametogenesis	(1) duplication .
h Formation of	(2) translocation -
gametes (ii) Pistillate	(3) crossing-over -
C Hyphan of the	(4) inversion
Ascomycetes (Nii) Syncarpous	
d Unicompetes	The equivalent of a structural gene is
d. Unisexual female (iv) Dikaryotic	Cistron
	(2) operon
Codes:	(3) recon
a b c d	(4) muton
(1) (ii) (iv) (iii)	
(2) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)	66 A true breeding plant is
(A) (iii) (A) (III)	(1) produced due to cross-pollination among
(4) (iv) (iii)	unrelated plants
(1) (1)	(2) near homozygous and produces offspring
60. In majority of angiosperms	of its own kind
(1) there are numerous antipodal cells	(3) always homozygous (recessive) in its
reduction division occurs	genetic constitution its
megaspore mother cells	(4) one that is able to breed on its own.
(3) a (small) central	
Jo Suc	67. Which of the following rRNAs acts as
(4) egg has a filiform apparatus	structural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?)
(61.) Pollination in water hypointh	
by the agency of	(1) 18 S rRNA 20 10 (2) 13t
(1) insects or wind	
(2) birds	(3) 5.8 S rRNA
(3) bats	(4) 5 S rRNA
(4) water	Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed
62. The ounts of	for for
62. The ovule of an angiosperm is technically equivalent to	addition of preservatives to the product
(1) megasporophylt«	(2) Availability of
	(2) availability of oxygen throughout the
(2) megaspore mother cell	
(3) megaspore	(3) ensuring anaerobic conditions in the
M megasporangium	
JMD/E4 M-113T-2 LT-1	(4) purification of product
M274) 3/2 8	
4 7 -2.	-5 1 -2
M714-3 m-32, -3 - 31	M2/ T2 M
L 1 2	



- 79. Which one of the following is wrong for fungi?

 All fungi possess a purely cellulosic cell wall.
 - (2) They are heterotrophic.
 - (3) They are both unicellular and multicellular.
 - (4) They are eukaryotic.
- 80. Methanogens belong to
 - (1) Archaebacteria
 - (2) Dinoflagellates
 - (3) Slime moulds
 - (4) Eubacteria
- 81. Select the wrong statement.
 - (1) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.
 - (2) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.
 - (3) Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water.
 - The walls of diatoms are easily destructible.
- The label of a herbarium sheet does not carry information on
 - (1) name of collector
 - (2) local names V
 - (2) height of the plant
 - (4) date of collection.
- 83. Conifers are adapted to tolerate extreme environmental conditions because of
 - (1) superficial stomata
 - (2) thick cuticle
 - (3) presence of vessels
 - (4) broad hardy leaves
 - 84. Which one of the following statements is wrong?
 - Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.
 - (2) Agar-agar is obtained from Gelidium and Gracilaria.
 - (3) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food.
 - (4) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.

- 85. The term 'polyadelphous' is related to
 - (1) androecium
 - (2) corolla
 - (3) calyx
 - (4) gynoecium
 - How many plants among Indigofera, Sesbania, Salvia, Allium, Alos mustard, groundnut, radish, gram and turnip have stamens with different lengths in their flowers?
 - (1) Four
 - (2) Five
 - (3) Six
 - (4) Three
- 87. Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of
 - (1) Trifolium✓
 - (2) Pisum
 - (3) Cassia
 - Brassica V
- 88. Free-central placentation is found in
 - (1) Argemone
 - (2) Brassica
 - (3) Citrus
 - Dianthus
- 89. Cortex is the region found between
 - (1) pericycle and endodermis
 - (2) endodermis and pith
 - (3) endodermis and vascular bundle
 - (#) epidermis and stele ~
 - The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses
 - (1) characterize the sapwood
 - are extensions of xylem parenchyma cells into vessels
 - (3) are linked to the ascent of sap through xylem vessels
 - (4) originate in the lumen of vessels



Na	
103. The part of nephron involved in factive	109. Several hormones like hCG, hPL, estrogen,
reabsorption of sodium is	progesterone are produced by
(1) proximal convoluted tubule	placenta XX
(2) Bowman's capsule	(2) fallopian tube
(3) descending limb of Henle's loop	(3) pituitary
distal convoluted tubule	
104. Which of the following is hormone-	(4) ovary $X [XX] XY$
releasing IUD?	110. If a colour-blind man marries a woman who
(1) Multiload 375	is homozygous for normal colour vision, the
(2) Lippes loop	probability of their son being colour-blind is
(3) Cu7- (4) LNG-20	(1) 0.5 (2) 0.75
4	(2) 1
105. Which of the following is incorrect regarding vasectomy?	
No sperm occurs in epididymis	111. Genetic drift operates in
(2) Vasa deferentia is cut and tied.	(1) large isolated population
(3) Irreversible sterility	(2) non-reproductive population
(4) No sperm occurs in seminal fluid√	(a) 1
106. Embryo with more than 16 blastomeres formed due to in vitro fertilization is	
transferred into	
(1) fallopian tube	112. In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the frequency
(2) fimbriae	of heterozygous individual is represented by
(3) cervix	W 2pq (2) pq p2 +2pq+q2+
uterus	(3) q^2 (4) p^2
(107). Which of the following depicts the correct	(3) q (7) P
pathway of transport of sperms?	113. The chronological order of human evolution
(1) Rete testis → Epididymis → Efferent	from early to the recent is
ductules → Vas deferens (2) Rete testis → Vas deferens → Efferent	
ductules → Epididymis	Homo habilis → Homo erectus
(3) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas	
deferens → Epididymis	Australonitheaus -> Homo erectus
(*) Rete testis -> Efferent ductules ->	(3) Australopithecus, \rightarrow Homo habilis \rightarrow
Epididymis → Vas deferens	Damanithanus Homo erectus
108. Match Column—I with Column—II and select the correct option using the codes	
given below:	Homo habilis → Homo erectus
Column—I Column—II	
	Which of the following is the correct
(ii) Charm	sequence of events in the origin of life?
× /	I. Formation of protobion(s)
12/2	II. Synthesis of organic monomers (1)
d. Nebenkern (iv) Graafian follicle	III. Synthesis of organic polymers 2
Codes:	IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic systems
a b c d	(1) J, III, II, IV
(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)	(1) H, III, I, IV
(2) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)	1 • 7
(3) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)	II, III, IV, I
(4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)	(4) I, II, III, IV
	· 177 - 19

115. A molecule that can act as a genetic material must fulfill the traits given below, except	120. Match Column—I with Column—II and select the correct option using the codes
(1) it should be able to generate its replica	given below :
(2) it should be unstable structurally and	Column—I Column—II
chemically	a. Citric acid (i) Trichoderma b. Cyclosporin A (ii) Clostridium
(3) it should provide the scope for slow	b. Cyclosporin A (iii) Clostridium c. Statins (iii) Aspergillus
changes that are required for evolution	d. Butyric acid (iv) Monascus
(4) it should be able to express itself in the form of 'Mendelian characters'	Codes :
	6
116. DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA which is called the	
(1) coding strand	(4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
(2) alpha strand	121. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not
	be a good index for pollution for water bodies
(3) antistrand	receiving effluents from T = 3T
(4) template strand	(1) dairy industry 21-10 2
117. Interspecific hybridization is the mating of	(1) dairy industry 21-70 2 (2) petroleum industry 3+70-21
(1) two different related species \	(3) sugar industry√ (4) domestic sewage√ 2
2012/194월 2012년 전경으로 발견되었다. 그렇다 그리스	122. The principle of competitive exclusion was
(2) superior males and females of different breeds	
(3) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations.	stated by (1) G. F. Gause (2) MacArthur (3) Verhulst and Pearl (4) C. Darwin (5) Stated by (6) $(27-70)$ (7) $(27-70)$
(4) animals within same breed without having common ancestors	(4) C. Darwin To = 3(27-70) (4) C. Darwin To = 370 Which of the following National Parks is
	Which of the following National Parks is
Which of the following is correct regarding AIDS causative agent HIV?	home to the famous musk deer or hangul? (1) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya
(X) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two	Pradesh To+370=67 (2) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal
/ identical molecules of single-stranded	Prodech
RNA and two molecules of reverse transcriptase	Dachigam National Park, Jammu & 3
	Kashmir To = LT
(2) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.	(4) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur 7
(3) HIV does not escape but attacks the acquired immune response.	result in organic faste may
(4) HIV is enveloped virus containing one	(1) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
molecule of single-stranded RNA and one	(2) increased population of fish due to lots of
molecule of reverse transcriptase.	nutrients of fish due to lack of oxygen
Among the following edible fishes, which	(4) increased population of aquatic
one is a marine fish having rich source of	organisms due to minerals
omega-3 fatty acids?	125) The highest DDT concentration in aquatic
(1) Mangur $g = g$ $f = g$ $f = g$	food chain shall occur in
(2) Mrigala (+\frac{1}{2})	(1) seaguil (2) crabo (Re+10)
(3) Mackerel	(2) crabo 2 (Re+ty)
(4) Mystus $9=9(1-2h)$	(4) phytoplankton TC = - g Re ² M
	2/2-111
JMD/E4 31=9 (1-24)=(R18	P.T.O.
	10 14404
1+ = - MR/2 (R-24) go	2 (Re + h)
, ,	

Oxidative phosphorylation is 126. Which of the following sets of diseases is 132. (1) oxidation of phosphate group in ATP caused by bacteria (2) addition of phosphate group to ATP (1) Typhoid and (smallpox, (3) formation of ATP by energy released from (2) Tetanus and mumps electrons removed during (substrate (3) Herpes and influenza (A) Cholera and tetanus oxidation (4) formation of ATP by transfer of 127. Match Column-I with Column-II for phosphate group from a substrate housefly classification and select the correct to ADP option using the codes given below: 133/ Which of the following is the least likely to be Column-II Column-I involved in stabilizing the three-dimensional Diptera Family folding of most proteins? (ii) Arthropoda Order (1) Electrostatic interaction (iii) Muscidae c. Class (2) Hydrophobic interaction d. Phylum Insecta (3) (Ester bonds Codes': (4) Hydrogen bonds/ a 134. Which of the following describes the giver (1) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i) graph correctly? (i) (2) (iv) (ii) (3) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii) (iii) (i) (iv) 128. Choose the correct statement. B(X) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins. (2) (All) reptiles have a three-chambered Potential Energy heart? (3) All Pisces have gills covered by an Substrate operculum. (4) All mammals are viviparous. 129. Study the four statements (A-D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them: A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr.√ Reaction -Photoperiod does not affect reproduction Exothermic reaction with energy A in in plants. presence of enzyme and B in absence o C. Binomial nomenclature system was enzyme given by R. H. Whittaker Endothermic reaction with energy A in D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is absence of enzyme and B in presence o synonymous with growth. enzyme O The two correct statements are (3) Exothermic reaction with energy A in (1) C and D (2) A and D absence of enzyme and B in presence o (4) B and C (3) A and B enzyme ? In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in (4) Endothermic reaction with energy A is which part of the reproductive system? presence, of enzyme and B in absence c (1) Mushroom glands enzyme (2) Testes When cell has stalled DNA replication fork (3) Vas deferens which checkpoint should be predominantl (A) Seminal vesicles activated? 131. Smooth muscles are (1) G_2/M (1) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical (2) M (2) involuntary, cylindrical, striated (3) Both G2/M and M (3) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate G1/SNHyt = 5+4-1 = 9-(4) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated

JMD/E4



Product

DUE PH-TOS	Naco	commaion of a	1 -	7
107 1 5000				

136.	Which one of the	following is	incorrect for
	ideal solution?		

(1)
$$\Delta U_{\text{mix}} = 0$$

(2)
$$\Delta P = P_{\text{obs}} - P_{\text{calculated by Raoult's law}} = 0$$

$$\Delta G_{\text{mix}} = 0 = -\sqrt{e}$$

(4)
$$\Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$$

The solubility of AgCl (s) with solubility product
$$1.6 \times 10^{-10}$$
 in $0.1 M$ NaCl solution would be

(1)
$$1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$$

(2)
$$1.6 \times 10^{-11} M$$
 ky = S. s

(4)
$$1.26 \times 10^{-5} M$$

139. The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron =
$$1.60 \times 10^{-19}$$
 C)

(1)
$$6 \times 10^{20}$$

(1)
$$6 \times 10^{20}$$
 (2) 3.75×10^{20}

(3)
$$7.48 \times 10^{23}$$
 (4) 6×10^{23}

(4)
$$6 \times 10^{23}$$

(1) gives up a proton

(2) accepts OH from water releasing proton

- (3) combines with proton from water molecule
- (4) contains replaceable H⁺ ion

141. AlF₃ is soluble in HF only in presence of KF. It is due to the formation of

(1)
$$K_3[AIF_6]$$

(1)
$$K_3[AiF_6]$$
 (2) $AiH_3 \sim M$

JMD/E4 Q=Ne 15 | P.
A(9 Jn
$$\pi$$
) = Q = $\frac{\pi}{e}$ = $\frac{1 \times 60}{1 \cdot (\times 1)^{-19}}$ = $\frac{3 \times 3 \times 10^{19}}{168 \times 2}$ = $\frac{3 \times 3 \times 10^{19}}{168 \times 2}$ = $\frac{3 \times 3 \times 10^{19}}{168 \times 2}$ = $\frac{1 \times 3 \times 10^{2}}{1 \cdot (\times 1)^{-19}}$

(1) zinc has lower melting point than iron

(2) zinc has lower negative electrode potential than iron

(3) zinc has higher negative electrode potential than iron

(4) zinc is lighter than iron € Calow,

143. The suspension of slaked lime in water is known as (aton)

(1) quicklime cal

(2) milk of lime

(3) aqueous solution of slaked lime-

144. The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in NO2, NO3 and NH4 respectively 102 + H=V+M-(+A

(1)
$$sp^2$$
, sp^3 and sp
(2) sp , sp^2 and sp^3
(3) sp^2 on and sp^3
(3) sp^2 on and sp^3

(3)
$$sp^2$$
, sp and sp^3

(4) sp, sp³ and sp² NO₂
$$= \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?

$$(4)$$
 BF₃

146 Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?

(1)
$$Clo_3^-$$
, Co_3^{2} (2) So_3^{2-} , $No_3^ A = \rho_M$

(2)
$$SO_3^{2-}$$
, NO_3^{-}

(4)
$$CO_3^{2-}$$
, NO_3^{-}

147. In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?

(1) It forms Be₂C.

(2) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.

(4) It is rendered passive by nitric acid.

148. Hot concentrated sulphuric acid is a 154. Jahn-Teller effect is not observed in high moderately strong oxidizing agent. Which of the following reactions does not show oxidizing behaviour?

(1) $3S + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 3SO_2 + 2H_2O$

(2) $C + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2 + 2H_2O$ (2) $CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4^7 + 2HF'$

(4) $Cu + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CuSO_4 + SO_2 + 2H_2O_4$

149. Which of the following pairs of d-orbitals will have electron density along the axes?

(1) d_{xz} , d_{uz}

(2) $d_{z^2}, d_{x^2-y^2}$

- (3) d_{xy} ; $d_{x^2-u^2}$
- (4) d_{2} , d_{xz}
- 150. The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF4 are
 - (1) trigonal bipyramidal, sp³d

- (2) planar triangle, sp^3d^3
- (3) square planar, sp3d2

- (4) octahedral, sp^3d^2
- 151. Among the following, which one is a wrong ESP3 De statement?
 - (1) $p\pi$ - $d\pi$ bonds are present in SO₂.
 - (2) SeF₄ and CH₄ have same shape.
 - (3) I₃⁺ has bent geometry.
 - (4) PH5 and BiCl5 do not exist.
 - 152. The correct increasing order of trans-effect of the following species is



- (1) $CN^- > C_6H_5^- > Br^- > NH_3$
- (2) $Br^- > CN^- > NH_3 > C_6H_5^-$
- (3) $CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^- > NH_3$
- (4) $NH_3 > CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^-$
- 153. Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?
 - (1) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from Pr to Lu.
 - (2) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.
 - (3) Ce (+4) solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.
 - (4) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.

- spin complexes of
 - (1) d^8
- (2) d^4
- (3) d^9
- 155. Which of the following can be used as the halide component for Friedel-Crafts reaction?

(1) Bromobenzene

(2) Chloroethene

(3) Isopropyl chloride

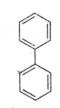
(4) Chlorobenzene



56. In which of the following molecules, all atoms are coplanar?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{CH}_3 & \text{C=C} & \text{CN} \\ \text{CH}_3 & \text{C=C} & \text{CN} \end{array}$$

(3)



157. Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6,6 polymer?

(1)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ & & | & | \\ NH_2 & NH_2 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
(3) & \begin{pmatrix} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & &$$

(4)
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ NH_2 & CH_3 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

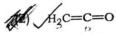
can-kha) of cont

158. In pyrrole

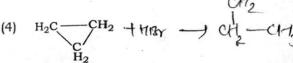
the electron density is maximum on

- (1) 3 and 4
- (2) 2 and 4
- (3) 2 and 5
- (4) 2 and 3
- Which of the following compounds shall not produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?

(1) H3C-C-CH2OH CH2-CH-CH2



(3) H₃C—C—CH₂Br



160. Which one of the following nitro-compounds does not react with nitrous acid?

- $\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \text{H}_3\text{C} \\
 & \text{H}_3\text{C} & \text{NO}_2
 \end{array}$
- (3) H₃C CH₃ NO₂
- (4) H₃C C NO

161. The central dogma of molecular genetics states that the genetic information flows from

(1) DNA \rightarrow Carbohydrates \rightarrow Proteins

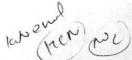
DNA -> RNA -> Proteins

- (3) DNA → RNA → Carbohydrates
- (4) Amino acids → Proteins → DNA
- 162. The correct corresponding order of names of four aldoses with configuration given below

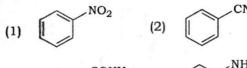
respectively, is

- (1) D-threose, D-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose
- (2) L-erythrose, L-threose, D-erythrose, D-threose
- (3) D-erythrose, D-threose, L-erythrose, L-threose
- (4) L-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose, D-threose
- 163. In the given reaction

the product P is



given nitrogen-containing aromatic compound A reacts with Sn/HCl, followed by HNO2 to give an unstable compound B. B, on treatment with phenol, forms a beautiful coloured compound C with the molecular formula C₁₂H₁₀N₂O. The structure of compound A is



(3)
$$\bigcirc$$
 CONH₂ (4) \bigcirc NH₂

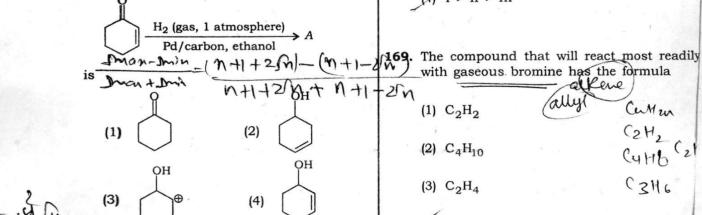
165. Consider the reaction

CH₃CH₂CH₂Br + NaCN → CH₃CH₂CH₂CN + NaBr

This reaction will be the fastest in

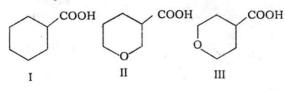
(1) methanol
$$\int_{\mathcal{I}} \frac{1}{1}$$

- (2) N, N'-dimethylformamide (DMF)
- mon = (A+vir)2 = (Vn+1)2 (3) water
- = n+1+25h (4) ethanol Juin & M-1)2 = N+1-25h
- 166. The correct structure of the product A formed in the reaction



167. Which among the given molecules can exhibit tautomerism?

- (1) Both I and III
- (2) Both I and II
- (3) Both II and III
- (4) III only
- 168. The correct order of strengths of the carboxylic acids



is

- (1) II > III > I
- (2) III > II > I
- (3) II > I > III
- (4) I > II > III
- Certan (1) C_2H_2 (3H6

